

Basic introduction of NWChem software



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www.emsl.pnl.gov

Background



NWChem is part of the Molecular Science Software Suite







ECCE



Designed and developed to be a highly efficient and portable Massively Parallel computational chemistry package

XTENSIBLE COMPUTATIONAL HEMISTRY ENVIRONMENT

Provides computational chemistry solutions that are scalable with respect to chemical system size as well as MPP hardware size





NWChem Overview



- Originally designed for parallel architectures
 - Scalability to 10,000's of processors (part even to 100,000)
- Emphasis on modularity, portability, and integration
- Portable runs on a wide range of computers
 - Supercomputer to Mac or PC with Windows
 - Now runs efficiently on IBM BlueGene, Cray XT, InfiniBand

NWChem 6.0 is open-source and freely available

- World-wide distribution
 - 70% is academia, rest government labs and industry
- Publications citing NWChem about 140/year
 - http://www.emsl.pnl.gov/capabilities/computing/nwchem/pubs.jsp





NWChem Science Capabilities



- Provides major modeling and simulation capability for molecular science
 - Broad range of molecules, including biomolecules, nanoparticles and heavy elements
 - Electronic structure of molecules (non-relativistic, relativistic, ECPs, first and second derivatives)
 - Extensive solid state capability (DFT plane-wave, CPMD)
 - Molecular dynamics, molecular mechanics





NATIONAL LABORATORY
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NWChem's core developer team





Bert de Jong Team lead Properties/Relativity



Karol Kowalski High accuracy



Niri Govind Density functional theory



Ken Lopata EMSL Wiley Postdoc



Eric Bylaska Plane wave methods

Tjerk Straatsma Molecular dynamics



Marat Valiev QM/MM



Huub van Dam DFT/HPC



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Looking for new hires!

NWChem capabilities overview



- NWChem brings a full suite of methodologies to solve large scientific problems
 - Gaussian-based DFT/TDDFT
 - Ground & Excited States, Optimization, Properties (NMR, Electric field gradient, linear response,...)
 - Plane wave based DFT
 - Car-Parinello MD (CPMD), Band Structure, Optimization, etc.
 - High Accuracy Methods \rightarrow MP, CC, EOMCC
 - Ground & Excited States
 - Molecular Dynamics, Molecular Mechanics
 - Integrated Methodologies → QM/MM
 - Scripting \rightarrow Python





NWChem: Gaussian DFT (1)



- Gaussian based DFT → Finite systems (molecules, clusters, nanostructures)
 - Wide range of local and non-local exchange-correlation functionals
 - Traditional xc functionals
 - Wide range of hybrid functionals (B3LYP, PBE0, BeckeH&H...)
 - HF Exchange
 - Meta-GGA functionals
 - Minnesota functionals (M05, M06)
 - SIC and OEP
 - Range separated functionals
 - DFT + D implementation (long-range empirical vdW)
 - Double hybrid functionals
 - Spin-orbit DFT
 - ECP, ZORA, DK
 - Constrained DFT
 - TDDFT for excited states \rightarrow Optical spectroscopy
 - Various properties (NMR, Linear response,...)





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NWChem: Gaussian DFT (2)

- Calculation on C_{240}
 - PBE0 functional, 6-31G*
 - Direct integral evaluation
 - Size 3600 basis functions
- Timings for different components of the Kohn-Sham matrix construction
 - Fock 2e two electron integrals
 - Fock xc the DFT contribution
 - CPU Time (sec) Diagonalization – eigenvector solve
- Scalability limited by diagonalization
- Going to be improved with diagonalization free methods







NWChem: High Accuracy Methods (1)



- Coupled Cluster
 - Closed shell coupled cluster [CCSD and CCSD(T)]
 - Tensor contraction engine (TCE)
 - Spin-orbital formalism with RHF, ROHF, UHF reference
 - CCSD,CCSDT, ...
 - CCSD(T), CR-CCSD(T), ...
 - EOMCCSD, EOMCCSDT
 - Linear response CC (polarizabilities, hyperpolarizabilities)
 - Active-space CCSDt/EOMCCSDt



NWChem: High Accuracy Methods (2)



Extensive development of scalable algorithms



CCSD calculation of C_{60} (1080 basis set functions)



CR-EOMCCSD(T) calculation of the Porphyrin dimer linked by a tetraazaanthracene bridge (P₂TA)

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NWChem: Plane wave (1)



- Gamma point pseudopotential and projector augmented wave
- Band structure (with spin-orbit ZORA)
- Extensive dynamics functionality with Car-Parrinello
- AIMD QM/MM molecular dynamics, e.g. SPC/E,CLAYFF solid state MD
- Various exchange-correlation functionals
 - LDA, PBE96, PBE0, B3LYP
 - Exact exchange
- SIC and OEP

SIC localization



Spin-Orbit splitting in GaAs

EMSI





Car-Parrinello provides evidence for five-coordinate $AI(H_2O)_4OH^{2+}$ Swaddle et al, **Science**, **2005**





NWChem: Plane wave (2)



- Can handle charged systems
- A full range of pseudopotentials and a pseudopotential generator
- A choice of state-of-the-art minimizers
- Can also do plane-wave QM/MM



Uranyl on a hydroxylated Al₂O₃ surface



Uranyl in solution interacting with iron oxide



Car-Parrinello plane wave performance, PBE96 GGA Functional, -300 K thermostat, 0.121 fs time step, 122 water molecules-15.6 Å box





NWChem: Plane wave (3)



- Extensive work done to develop parallel plane wave algorithm for hybrid-DFT solvers
 - Results below obtained on NERSCs Franklin machine



DFT calculation on $Nb_{10}O_{28}^{6-}$ – O(Ne)



Hybrid DFT calculation on 80 atom cell of hematite- O(Ne*Ne)

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NWChem: Molecular Dynamics



- Molecular dynamics
 - Charmm and Amber force fields
 - Various types of simulations:
 - Energy minimization
 - Molecular dynamics simulation including ab initio dynamics
 - Free energy calculation
 - Multiconfiguration thermodynamic integration
 - Electron transfer through proton hopping (Q-HOP), i.e. semi-QM in classical MD
 - Implemented by Volkhard group, University of Saarland, Germany
 - Set up and analyze runs with ECCE





NWChem: Hybrid QM/MM



- Seamless integration of molecular dynamics with Coupled Cluster and DFT
 - Optimization and transition states
 - QM/MM Potential of Mean Force
 - Modeling properties at finite temperature
 - Excited States with EOMCC, TDDFT
 - Polarizabilities with linear response CC
 - NMR chemical shift with DFT
- QM/MM for pathways
 - NEB-QM/MM approach for Reaction Pathway Calculations
 - Free energy calculation



NWChem: other functionality



- Other functionality available in NWChem
 - NMR shielding and indirect spin-spin coupling
 - COSMO
 - ONIOM
 - Relativity through spin-orbit ECP, ZORA, and DK
 - Electron transfer
 - Vibrational SCF and DFT for anharmonicity
 - Module for dynamic nucleation theory Monte Carlo
 - Interface with VENUS for chemical reaction dynamics
 - Interface with POLYRATE, Python
 - Interface with NBO



NWChem Input Basics



Minimal input (all defaults)

geon	netry
n	0.00 0.00 0.00
n	0.00 0.00 1.08
end	
basis	
0000	

n library cc-pvdz end

task scf

Performs a closed-shell SCF on the N₂ molecule





Geometry Input: Units



Input can be in Angstrom or atomic units

geometry # units are in angstroms

C 0 0 0 H 0 0.9885 -0.4329 H 0 -0.9885 0.4329 end

OR

geometry units au ### change units C 0 0 0 H 0 1.868 -0.818 H 0 -1.868 0.818 end



Geometry Input: Symmetry



Water molecule with C_{2v} symmetry

geome	etry	units	au	###	input	using
sym	meti	Ŷ				
C	0	0	0			
н	0	1.868	-0.	818		
syn	met	ry c2v				
end						

C₆₀ with I_h symmetry

```
geometry #bonds = 1.4445 and 1.3945 Angstrom
   symmetry Ih
   c -1.2287651 0.0 3.3143121
end
```



Geometry Input: autosym and autoz



- By default NWChem will:
 - Attempt to find symmetry if none is specified
 - Attempt to build a zmatrix from cartesian coordinates
 - Center the molecule in the reference frame

```
geometry noautoz noautosym nocenter

C 0 0 0

H 0 0.9885 -0.4329 #Angstroms

H 0 -0.9885 0.4329

end
```







Geometry can be specified using zmatrix

geometry	
zmatrix	
0	
H1 O 0.95	
H2 O 0.95 H1 108.0	
end	
end	

Distances and angles can be specified with variables too (see documentation)





Forcing internal coordinates

geometry

Si 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00

- H -0.9436E+00 -0.8807E+00 0.7319E+00
- H 0.7373E+00 -0.8179E+00 -0.9932E+00
- H -0.7835E+00 0.1038E+01 -0.7137E+00
- Si 0.1699E+01 0.1556E+01 0.1695E+01
- H 0.7715E+00 0.2377E+01 0.2511E+01
- H 0.2544E+01 0.6805E+00 0.2539E+01
- H 0.2514E+01 0.2381E+01 0.7713E+00

end

```
### make Si-Si distance 4.0 angstroms ###
geometry adjust # initial state
zcoord
bond 1 4 4.00 r constant
end
end
```





Geometry Input: system

EMSL

Crystal lattice, mainly used in plane wave code

geometry units angstroms center noautosym noautoz print
lat a 2 625d0 #diamond
lat_a 3.02300 #01am010 lat_b 2.625d0
Idi_D 3.02500
lat_c 3.62500
alpha 90.0d0
beta 90.0d0
gamma 90.0d0
end
C -0.50000d0 -0.50000d0 -0.50000d0
C 0.00000d0 0.00000d0 -0.50000d0
C 0.00000d0 -0.50000d0 0.00000d0
C -0.50000d0 0.00000d0 0.00000d0
C -0.25000d0 -0.25000d0 -0.25000d0
C 0.25000d0 0.25000d0 -0.25000d0
C 0.25000d0 -0.25000d0 0.25000d0
C -0.25000d0 0.25000d0 0.25000d0
end





Basis Set Input: Using libraries



Atoms can be defined by symbol and name

basis oxygen library cc-pvdz H library cc-pvdz file /usr/d3g681/nwchem/libraries/ end

* can be used to state that all atoms in the system should be using the same basis set type

basis * library cc-pvdz end





Basis Set Input: Explicit basis sets



Basis set input can be done with exponents and coefficients

basis spherical H s 13.0100 0.019685 1.9620 0.137977 0.4446 0.478148 0.1220 0.501240 hydrogen s 0.1220 1.000000 hydrogen p 0.7270 1.000000 end

Libraries and explicit input can be used together





Task Input



Task directive tells NWChem what it should do

task scf task scf energy

task dft optimize task dft saddle task ccsd frequencies

task pspw optimize ignore

default is energy

ignore if failed, go to next task

task md dynamics

Tasks are preformed in sequence as listed in input





Restarting a calculation



To restart NWChem will need certain files, that should be saved in permanent directory

> start ne permanent_dir /users/me geometry ne 0 0 0 end basis ne library cc-pvdz end task scf

> restart ne permanent_dir/users/me scf thresh 1e-8 end task scf





Setting memory and charge keyword



If NWChem fails with an error asking for more memory, you can set it explicitly

memory 2400 mb

Remember, memory is per processor!!!

By default, molecules have a neutral charge (0)

charge -1



NWChem web pages



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	NWChem Documentation					
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	Effective Core Potentials					
	Relativistic All-electron Approximations					
	Quantum mechanical methods					
	Hartree-Fock (HF) Theory Descible Supplicational Theory					
	Evolted State Calculations (CIS_TONE_TOD	τ)				
	Plane-Wave Density Functional Theory (plan	-wave DET)				
	Tensor Contraction Engine: CL MBPT, and C	2				
	• MP2					
	Coupled Cluster Calculations					
	Multiconfiguration SCF					
	Selected CI					
	Classical Methods					
	Prepare					
	Molecular Dynamics					
	Analysis					
	Hybrid Methods					
	Combined Quantum and Molecular Mechanic	(QM/MM)				
	► COSMO					
	► ONIOM					
	Potential Energy Surface Analysis					

Extensive documentation!







Questions?



www.**emsl**.pnl.gov



